# **Global Markets Monitor**

**TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 2019** 

- Turkish lira depreciates on Syrian tensions and US threats (link)
- US places eight Chinese technology companies on a blacklist (link)
- Foreign ownership of US corporate bonds on the rise (link)
- British pound weakens as Brexit outlook darkens again (link)
- Ecuador bond yields rise markedly amid protests and unrest (link)

<u>US</u> | <u>Europe</u> | <u>Other Mature</u> | <u>Emerging Markets</u> | <u>Market Tables</u>

# Price action muted as market participants watch headlines

Markets were little changed overnight with few new themes emerging. The most notable price action came in response to news stories related to the longstanding themes of Middle Eastern political conflict, trade tensions and Brexit. The Turkish lira depreciated 2.3% against the US dollar as the announcement of the withdrawal of US troops from Syria raised the prospect of Turkish military intervention there. The lira came under additional pressure as US President Trump threatened to 'obliterate the economy of Turkey' if he judged potential Turkish actions to be excessive. Market participants also continue to monitor trade negotiations between the US and China amid reports that the US is considering restrictions on US investments in Chinese companies. Finally, the British pound has depreciated 0.7% against the euro amid reports that negotiations based on PM Johnson's latest Brexit proposal are proceeding poorly.

### **Key Global Financial Indicators**

Last updated:	Leve		Cl									
10/8/19 8:03 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD					
Equities				9	%		%					
S&P 500	my many	2939	-0.4	-1	-1	2	17					
Eurostoxx 50	many many	3435	-1.0	-2	-2	4	14					
Nikkei 225	moment	21588	1.0	-1	2	-9	8					
MSCI EM	my way	41	-0.3	-1	-2	-1	4					
Yields and Spreads												
US 10y Yield	The same of the sa	1.52	2.9	-11	-4	-171	-116					
Germany 10y Yield		-0.59	-1.5	-3	5	-112	-83					
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	manustra	351	6	8	11	8	-63					
FX / Commodities / Volatility				9	%							
EM FX vs. USD, (+) = appreciation	month	60.3	-0.3	0	-1	-2	-3					
Dollar index, (+) = \$ appreciation	munder	98.9	-0.1	0	1	3	3					
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	- manual	57.6	-1.3	-2	-6	-31	7					
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	mhuman	19.2	1.4	1	4	4	-6					

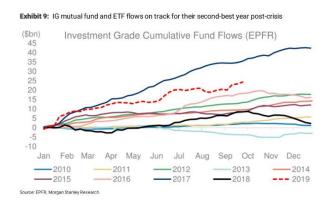
Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

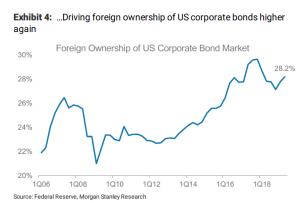
to ICE data.

# United States back to top

**Equity markets weakened today, with major indices down 0.3-0.5%.** Investors this week will increasingly focus on foreign trade when the Chinese vice premier arrives in the US to resume trade talks. Market sentiment dimmed on reports that the China negotiators are not coming to discuss a "commitment on reforming Chinese industrial policy" or "government subsidies." The US blacklisted eight Chinese entities yesterday. Treasury yields rose yesterday after falling for seven straight sessions.

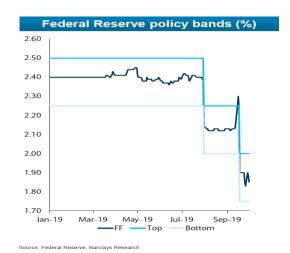
After foreign ownership of US bonds declined in 2018, inflows have rebounded so far this year. Foreign investors have added around \$25 bn to their US investment-grade portfolios year to date, according to EPFR and JP Morgan, the second highest year since the financial crisis. And the Federal Reserve finds that foreign ownership of US corporate credit reached 29% at end-2017, slumping last year to 27.1%—but has rebounded this year and now stands at 28.2%. This is not entirely surprising considering investors worldwide are confronting \$14 tn of negative yielding debt. TIC data from the Treasury show the most active buyers through June were Japan, Taiwan Province of China, the euro area (ex-Ireland) and Asia (ex-Japan). US investment-grade bonds have returned 13.9% this year, and high-yield bonds 11.0% according





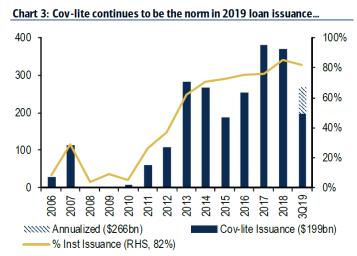
Recent open market operations by the Fed have met with good demand. Barclays notes these operations have temporarily lifted bank reserve levels by almost \$200 bn. The Fed announced last week it will run its term operations through the end of October. Recent Fed actions have been successful in bringing down the Fed funds rate, which spiked above the 2% upper band on September 16th.





Covenant-lite loans continue to predominate in the institutional loan universe. Bank of America gauges that 82% of institutional loans issued so far this year have had "few to no maintenance covenants." Covenant-lite affords greater flexibility to borrowers during times of financial stress. Collateralized loan obligations continue to be the biggest buyer of leveraged loans, snapping up over 60% of loans coming to market this year. But Bank of America points out that banks have recently overtaken mutual funds as the second-largest buyer. Mutual fund outflows have translated into that sector's market share falling to 13% of issuance.

Both headline and core PPI fell 0.3% m/m in September. This was the biggest monthly drop in more than four years. Treasury yields are little changed in wake of the report, but have been falling steadily overnight. CPI comes out Thursday.



Source: BofA Merrill Lynch Global Research, S&P LCD

# Europe back to top

Core sovereign debt yields are little changed. German 10-year yields at -0.58% (-1 bps); French 10-year OATs at -0.24% (+3 bps); Italian 10-year BTP yield at 0.85% (-1 bps).

European equities (-1.0%) traded lower with bank stocks (-2.0%) continuing to underperform. In 2019, European stocks have gained 13% but bank stocks traded 5% lower.

German stocks (-3.0%) underperformed today. German industrial production narrowly beat expectations in August but remains weak (-4.0% yoy compared to -4.3% expected).

Greek 10-year yields rose 7 bps in yesterday's session as traders priced in a discount on new issuance of at least €1 bn of 10-year bonds. The Greek government reportedly intends to meet the 2020 budget target in its budget submission to the EU as analysts await the budgetary implications of the policies of PM Mitsotakis. Greek 10-year bond yields are steady at 1.42% today after reaching an all-time low of 1.31% last month.

Italian FM Gualtieri expects growth of 0.6% in 2020 as the statistical office warned that the short-term-perspectives for Italian production are weak. In its September budget update, the new Italian

government projected an unchanged deficit of 2.2% in 2020. Italy must send its Draft Budgetary Plan to Brussels by 15 October, with details expected later in October.

Analysts will keep an eye on the Eurogroup meeting tomorrow as finance ministers will discuss the replacement of Benoît Cœuré at the ECB Executive Board and countries could also nominate candidates the replacement of Sabine Lautenschläger at the ECB.

The British pound traded 0.5% weaker as news flow indicated that an agreement on Brexit is unlikely at next week's meeting of European government leaders. Analysts think that Downing Street is working towards an extension, followed by an election with a promise to deliver no-deal Brexit by a certain date.

Deutsche Bank (-2.1%) intends to make about half its 18,000 planned job cuts in Germany. DB employs about 41,700 people in its home market, out of a total of 91,700.

# Other Mature Markets back to top

Japan

The yen held steady, after weakening a touch earlier in the day, as news of impending China-US trade talks boosted sentiment. Meanwhile, JGB yields rose, with the 2-year note up 1 bp to -0.33% and the 10-year note up 2 bps to -0.21%. Equities also advanced with the Topix Index 0.9% higher on the day; shares of electric appliance and chemical companies provided the biggest boosts to the equity bourse.

# Emerging Markets back to top

Asian currencies strengthened against the dollar and most bourses gained on optimism that the US-China trade negotiation is moving forward. A high-level delegation led by Vice Premier Lu He will visit Washington DC on Thursday, though expectations for concrete results are limited. The South Korean won paced gains (+0.28%) while the Malaysian ringgit underperformed (-0.04%). In a meeting with parliament, Bank of Korea Governor Lee sounded cautious notes regarding prospects for the Korean economy and indicated that growth could fall short of the central bank's 2.2% forecast for 2019 and 2.5% for 2020. EMEA equities were mixed. Turkey (-1.7%) saw the largest losses amid conflicting diplomatic statements regarding the US' backing of potential Turkish military incursions into Syria. Stocks also dropped in Saudi Arabia (-0.9%), Hungary (-0.6%), and Romania (-0.4%). Poland (+0.3%), Kuwait (+0.2%), and Egypt (+0.2%) posted gains. Most currencies in the region weakened to the dollar by about 0.1%. In Latin America, markets turned mostly negative on Monday, with equities and currencies falling across the region. Chile's equity index was the exception, up (0.2%), while Colombia (-0.2%), Peru (-0.2%), Mexico, (-1.0%), and Brazil (-1.9%) all declined. On the currency front, the Brazilian real led the way by dropping -1.2% against the dollar, with smaller moves from Colombia (-0.5%), Mexico (-0.4%), Argentina (-0.2%), and Peru (-0.1%).

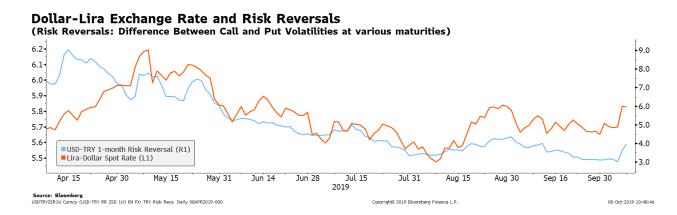
**Key Emerging Market Financial Indicators** 

Last updated:	Leve	el					
10/8/19 8:04 AM	Last 12m	index	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Major EM Benchmarks				(	%		%
MSCI EM Equities	mm~~~	40.63	-0.3	-1	-2	-1	4
MSCI Frontier Equities	www	28.06	-0.2	0	-1	-1	7
EMBIG Sovereign Spread (in bps)	my mention	351	6	8	11	8	-63
EM FX vs. USD	mm	60.27	-0.3	0	-1	-2	-3
Major EM FX vs. USD			%, (				
China Renminbi	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	7.15	0.0	0	0	-3	-4
Indonesian Rupiah	mm	14162	0.0	0	-1	7	2
Indian Rupee	manua.	71.03	-0.2	0	1	4	-2
Argentine Peso		57.84	-0.2	0	-3	-35	-35
Brazil Real	سمرسمسيسي	4.11	0.0	1	0	-8	-5
Mexican Peso	Munum	19.62	-0.2	1	0	-3	0
Russian Ruble	whenha	65.26	-0.4	0	0	2	6
South African Rand	www.	15.28	-0.7	0	-3	-3	-6
Turkish Lira	hand	5.84	0.0	-2	-1	5	-9
EM FX volatility	many	8.17	0.0	0.1	-0.1	-2.4	-1.6

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

# **Turkey**

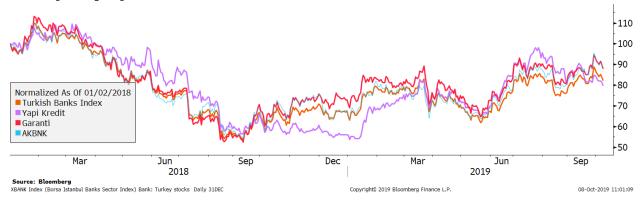
Yesterday, the Turkish lira weakened 2.3% against the US dollar following a threat of economic retaliation by US President Trump in response to possible Turkish military actions in Syria. The lira retraced some of yesterday's losses this morning amid unconfirmed news of retail account sales of dollars and recently traded at 5.81/dollar, or 0.3% stronger than yesterday's close. According to Bloomberg, retail account dollar sales had amounted to over \$200 mn by early-morning London time. One-month dollar-lira risk reversals have increased almost 1 percentage point in recent days, as traders become more bearish on the lira.



Turkish second largest lender, **Akbank successfully raised \$810 mn in a syndicated loan**. The loan was issued in US dollars (\$402 mn) and euros (€374 mn), with a one-year maturity and at Libor+225 bps and Euribor+210 bps. The deal – which was oversubscribed at \$1 bn – is expected to be the first one in a series of funding transactions by Turkish banks in coming weeks. Shares of Akbank traded 0.8% lower today,

adding to yesterday's 1.8% decline. Other Turkish banks were also down today: Yapi (-1.7%), Garanti (-2.0%).





#### China

The U.S administration placed eight Chinese technology companies on a blacklist, potentially complicating the upcoming US-China trade negotiation. The companies are accused of human rights violations against Muslim minorities in the far-western region of Xinjiang. Among the companies cited are two video surveillance companies -- Hikvision and Dahua Technology – estimated to control as much as a third of the global market for video surveillance. Also blacklisted are SenseTime and Megvii Technology, both considered at the forefront of artificial intelligence technology. Entities on the list are prohibited from doing business with American companies without licenses from the U.S. government. Onshore trading of Hikvision and Dahua were suspended on Tuesday. Hikvision shares were last traded at CNY 32.3, having gained 36% from its lowest level for the year, seen in late May; Dahua shares last traded at CNY 17.3, a gain of 39% over the period.

#### **Ecuador**

The yield on Ecuador's benchmark 2029 bond rose 56 bps to 9.724% as the government moved out of the capital in response to concerns over a possible coup. Widespread protests and a general transport strike broke out in Ecuador last week in response to government efforts to substantially reduce the budget deficit, in line with the \$4.2 billion (36 months) IMF Extended Fund Facility agreed in early 2019. Last week, President Moreno elected to raise fuel prices, and subsequently instituted a state of emergency after the unrest escalated and disrupted the normal course of business. The nationwide transit strike organized by labor groups ended late Friday, but broader protests have continued into Monday. Hard currency sovereign bond yields ticked up modestly on Thursday but have since eased as investors interpreted the end of the transit strike as a win for the government, thereby increasing the likelihood of financial disbursements from the IMF in the coming program review round. However, as Morgan Stanley analysts highlighted, the spread on Ecuador's sovereign debt remains considerably wider than most other single B-rated sovereigns, with a steeper curve as well, which could leave longer maturity debt prices more susceptible to shifting political outcomes or ratings changes in either direction.

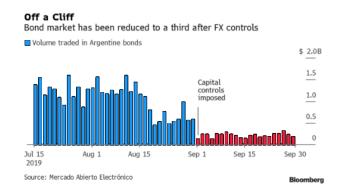
900 350 300 800 250 700 200 600 150 500 100 400 50 300 Oct-18 Dec-18 Feb-19 Apr-19 Jun-19 Aug-19 Difference, rhs Ecuador 10Y Spread B Average

Exhibit 1: Ecuador still around 200bp cheap to single Bs...

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Research

#### **Argentina**

Argentina's capital markets have struggled in wake of political and financial shocks. Activity in Argentina's financial markets has shrunk substantially since the surprise August primary vote that upended the nation's political and economic outlook. Assets under management by locally-based banks, brokerages, and mutual funds have fallen over 25% since mid-August, according to Bloomberg. Moreover, the volume of transactions across asset classes has fallen sharply after fairly robust growth from mid-2016 through 2018. The volume of Argentine bonds traded has fallen to barely \$300 million from upwards of \$1-1.5 billion since authorities reimposed capital controls in early September. Currency transactions have also unsurprisingly plummeted by at least 50% over the same time period according to Bloomberg, while the roughly 15% gap between the official and "blue chip swap" exchange rate is making asset valuations in the market more cumbersome. Daily equity volume began slowing in late 2018 as the economic situation failed to improve rapidly enough and has fallen from around \$30 million in 2017 to barely \$10 million over the last few weeks.



### Hungary

**Hungarian inflation slowed down below the central bank's target in September.** Headline CPI printed at 2.8% y-o-y, from 3.1% the month prior. Core inflation stood at 3.9%. The forint weakened 0.1% to the euro this morning.

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# **Global Financial Indicators**

Last updated:	Level						
10/8/19 8:04 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
Equities				9	<b>6</b>		%
United States	my	2939	-0.4	-1	-1	2	17
Europe	man was	3435	-1.0	-2	-2	4	14
Japan	monthy	21588	1.0	-1	2	-9	8
China	mondann	2914	0.3	-2	1	3	17
Asia Ex Japan	may my my	66	-0.6	0	-2	0	4
Emerging Markets	War war of which	41	-0.3	-1	-2	-1	4
Interest Rates				basis	points		
US 10y Yield	Marine Marine	1.52	2.9	-11	-4	-171	-116
Germany 10y Yield	and the same of th	-0.59	-1.5	-3	5	-112	-83
Japan 10y Yield	and the same of th	-0.20	2.1	-5	4	-36	-20
UK 10y Yield	manner	0.42	-3.6	-6	-9	-126	-86
Credit Spreads				basis	points		
US Investment Grade	Manual Comments	131	1.4	3	-4	32	-16
US High Yield	when he was	483	5.5	12	13	156	-38
Europe IG	man	58	0.4	3	11	-14	-29
Europe HY	- July many many	256	3.9	22	17	-34	-96
EMBIG Sovereign Spread	mymm	351	6.0	8	11	8	-63
Exchange Rates				9	6		
USD/Majors	manyonner	98.91	-0.1	0	1	3	3
EUR/USD	garrang of may and order	1.10	0.1	0	-1	-4	-4
USD/JPY	my more man	106.9	0.3	1	0	6	3
EM/USD	mondey	60.3	-0.3	0	-1	-2	-3
Commodities				9	6		
Brent Crude Oil (\$/barrel)	January	58	-1.3	-2	-6	-31	7
Industrials Metals (index)	myran	115	-0.6	0	-2	-4	5
Agriculture (index)	many many	39	-0.3	-1	5	-11	-7
Implied Volatility				9	6		
VIX Index (%, change in pp)	mortunamen	19.2	1.4	0.7	4.2	4.4	-6.2
10y Treasury Volatility Index	mital white	5.2	0.1	-0.1	0.4	1.0	0.7
Global FX Volatility	mymm	7.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.1	-1.3	-1.9
EA Sovereign Spreads			10-Yea				
Greece	many	204	4.1	12	-19	-207	-211
Italy	arannon de	143	0.3	1	-8	-161	-107
Portugal	warman	71	0.1	-3	-12	-73	-77
Spain	many pur	72	0.6	0	-9	-34	-46

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than  $\pm 1.5$  standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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# **Emerging Market Financial Indicators**

Last updated:	Exchange Rates							Local Currency Bond Yields (GBI EM)							
10/8/2019	Leve			Chang	e (in %)			Level		Cha	inge (in l	basis poi	nts)		
8:05 AM	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	
		vs. USD	(-	+) = EM a	appreciatio	n			% p.a.						
China	many mark	7.15	0.0	0.0	0	-3	-4	man man	3.2	0.0	0	11	-44	0	
Indonesia	mm	14162	0.0	0.4	-1	7	2	more	7.3	-0.2	-5	-11	-116	-83	
India	manne	71	-0.2	-0.2	1	4	-2	and and	6.8	2.2	-9	7	-140	-67	
Philippines	manum	52	0.3	0.4	0	5	2	and and a second	4.3	-0.4	-3	-4	-209	-197	
Thailand	mormon	30	0.3	0.8	1	8	6		1.5	-0.7	-3	-9	-142	-114	
Malaysia	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4.19	0.0	0.0	0	-1	-1	- when the same of	3.4	4.0	2	7	-67	-67	
Argentina		58	-0.2	-0.4	-3	-35	-35	^	61.3	-357.5	-483	-428	3812	3832	
Brazil	المنم رسالين المناوي	4.11	0.0	1.3	0	-8	-5	moment	6.3	4.7	0	-34	-341	-180	
Chile	wwww	721	-0.4	1.1	-1	-5	-4		2.8	-0.4	-7	16	-205	-169	
Colombia	manne	3452	-0.5	0.8	-2	-12	-6	~~~~~	5.7	2.0	-1	-3	-104	-86	
Mexico	Munum	19.62	-0.2	1.1	0	-3	0	Marie Commence	6.9	3.4	-10	-20	-124	-182	
Peru	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	3.4	-0.1	-0.4	-1	-2	0	and the same	4.3	-7.4	-10	1	-147	-144	
Uruguay	~~~~	37	-0.2	-0.7	-2	-11	-13	$\sim$	10.8	1.0	17	-21	40	8	
Hungary	Mary Mary Market	304	-0.2	0.8	-2	-7	-8	The same of the sa	1.0	1.1	-6	-18	-169	-118	
Poland	Maryery	3.94	0.1	1.6	-1	-5	-5	and many and a	1.7	-1.1	-10	-13	-96	-57	
Romania	mymmymm	4.3	0.1	0.4	-1	-6	-6	wwwww	3.8	1.0	2	5	-73	-47	
Russia	unaman	65.3	-0.4	-0.1	0	2	6	morning	6.7	-6.4	-13	-15	-172	-169	
South Africa	www	15.3	-0.7	0.3	-3	-3	-6	manne	9.3	3.9	-9	3	-52	-27	
Turkey	hand have	5.84	0.0	-1.9	-1	5	-9	more	13.5	18.2	25	-174	-830	-340	
US (DXY; 5y UST)	my my many (	99	-0.1	-0.2	1	3	3	and the same of th	1.35	-4.1	-14	-8	-172	-116	

	Equity Markets							Bond Spreads on USD Debt (EMBIG)						
	Level		Change (in %)				Level		Change (in basis points)					
	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD	Last 12m	Latest	1 Day	7 Days	30 Days	12 M	YTD
								basis poi	nts					
China	my marray	2914	0.3	-2	1	3	17	mar market	190	0	3	3	10	-4
Indonesia	my my	6040	-2.1	-2	-4	5	-3	mymous	192	5	2	12	5	-44
India	my my my	37532	0.0	-3	1	9	4	~~~~	132	-5	1	-8	-28	-64
Philippines	Mary Land Mary Mary	7757	-0.3	0	-2	10	4	monthe	86	5	3	12	-12	-35
Malaysia	moreone	1559	0.0	-2	-3	-12	-8	mark	126	0	2	3	5	-36
Argentina	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	30941	-2.8	6	12	1	2		2112	4	-53	83	1439	1297
Brazil	and many many	100573	-1.9	-4	-2	17	14	many	271	3	24	37	3	-2
Chile	man	5051	-0.8	0	5	-5	-1	hymnet	143	2	0	11	26	-23
Colombia	wy my my	1597	0.2	1	2	8	20	when	189	3	-1	13	19	-39
Mexico	mmm	42952	0.4	0	1	-11	3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	328	3	4	-2	71	-26
Peru	www.	19232	-0.2	-2	-1	-1	-1	manyment	132	3	-9	16	7	-36
Hungary	~~~~~~	39504	-0.7	-2	-2	7	1	manufacturity of	112	4	8	17	6	-36
Poland	www.	56112	0.2	-1	-1	-2	-3	whenhah	47	8	7	14	-2	-38
Romania	and home	9495	-0.5	-1	3	11	29	was have	203	-3	9	5	32	-18
Russia	~~~~	2706	-1.5	-2	-3	10	14	mount	206	5	8	12	-8	-46
South Africa	Warner Comment	54625	-0.4	-1	-2	1	4	mymay	346	6	7	38	30	-19
Turkey	and the same	101207	-3.7	-3	2	5	11	my	495	15	22	-2	20	66
Ukraine	Much	526	0.0	0	0	-4	-6	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	518	5	4	52	-35	-269
EM total	WWW.	41	-0.3	-1	-2	-1	4	mar	351	6	8	11	8	-63

Colors denote tightening/easing financial conditions for observations greater than ±1.5 standard deviations. Data source: Bloomberg.

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